Competency Development Monitoring Tool

We would like to ask you to shortly state your previous experience (year, name of project) and rate your competencies in each area scoring between 1-5, and if necessary other verbs on the list added at the end of this part which more defines your proximate competence (1 minimum knowledge (aware), 2 experienced/exposed, 3 skilled (independent user), 4 able to teach, 5 expert). This competency assessment is based on main domains of core competencies of EUPHEM programme and activities within the core competencies but consist of more details (sub-domains, activities and methodological examples). When assessing the performance/activities please take to account relation to the main domains and subdomains.

Name: T	raining Site(s):			
Core domains				
1. Public Health Microb	iology Management and Communication			
Tasks	Competency	Previous experience	Score (1-5)	Other verbs/ Comments/notes
1.1 Public Health Mana	ngement			
General	<u>Define</u> PHM importance			
	<u>Understand</u> principles of scientific communication to peers, stakeholders and media/public			
	Identify public health priorities in Complex emergency situations (CES)			
	Be familiar with security issues			
	Know the role of different agencies			
	Identify elements of stress management			
Interpret and communicate the results	Interpret and evaluate significance of results in support of clinical management and infection control			
	<u>Prepare</u> interpretation and communication strategies that informs the decision making process			
Write a scientific report/ or publish a scientific paper	Provide report in support of patient management, outbreak control and epidemiological support.			
	Write a peer reviewed paper			
Identify a problem of	Keep updated with relevant issues			
public health	Review literature			
importance	Consult Medline			
Knowledge of	Identify interdisciplinary needs between			
planning outbreak	health care professionals and front line			
responses at national	responders.			
and international level	<u>Planning</u> , implementation and lessons learnt from planned exercises.			

Plan and implement infection control process within field study		T	,	
Identify basic laboratory requirements in the field	Infection control			
Rapid assessment techniques Use rapid assessment in the early phase Use relevant indicators to monitor intervention Write situation reports 1.2 Ethics and integrity issuse Familiarity with ethical roles Conduct ethical codes binding the person to her/his principle of collaboration Eollow publication ethics Understand and keep personal integrity When planning studies and / or conducting research: Apply relevant laws to data collection, management, dissemination and use of information Adhere to ethical principles regarding data protection and confidentiality regarding any information obtained as part of the professional activity Handle conflicts of interests 1.3 Laboratory management Identify best Iaboratory techniques Samples Review and report on the international regulations and the role of stakeholders (i.e. IATA, IACO, Customs,) in movement of infectious materials across national boundaries Outline field microbiology needs and design packaging an protocol to grab the laboratory results	Response to severe	Identify key elements of social mobilisation		
Lechniques Use relevant indicators to monitor intervention Write situation reports 1.2 Ethics and integrity issuse Familiarity with ethical roles Understand and attach to organisational ethics Conduct ethical codes binding the person to her/his principle of collaboration Follow publication ethics Understand and keep personal integrity Ethical principles regarding human welfare When planning studies and / or conducting research: Apply relevant laws to data collection, management, dissemination and use of information Adhere to ethical principles regarding data protection and confidentiality regarding any information obtained as part of the professional activity Handle conflicts of interests 1.3 Laboratory management Identify best Identify appropriate laboratory investigation and sampling preparation techniques Samples Review and report on the international regulations and the role of stakeholders (i.e. IATA, IACO, Customs,) in movement of infectious materials across national boundaries Outline field microbiology needs and design packaging and transportation protocols Rapid assessment techniques Lidentify methods for Detection of pathogen/cause of unusual events Design a protocol to grab the laboratory results	epidemics			
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research:		<u>Understand</u> and <u>keep</u> personal integrity		
Identify best laboratory techniques Identify appropriate sampling strategies Samples transportation Review and report on the international regulations and the role of stakeholders (i.e. IATA, IACO, Customs,) in movement of infectious materials across national boundaries Outline field microbiology needs and design packaging and transportation protocols Rapid assessment techniques Identify methods for Detection of pathogen/cause of unusual events Design a protocol to grab the laboratory results	regarding human	research: • Apply relevant laws to data collection, management, dissemination and use of information • Adhere to ethical principles regarding data protection and confidentiality regarding any information obtained as part of the professional activity		
Iaboratory techniques Identify appropriate laboratory investigation and sampling preparation techniques Samples transportation Review and report on the international regulations and the role of stakeholders (i.e. IATA, IACO, Customs,) in movement of infectious materials across national boundaries Outline field microbiology needs and design packaging and transportation protocols Rapid assessment techniques Identify methods for Detection of pathogen/cause of unusual events Design a protocol to grab the laboratory results	1.3 Laboratory manage	ement		
transportation regulations and the role of stakeholders (i.e. IATA, IACO, Customs,) in movement of infectious materials across national boundaries Outline field microbiology needs and design packaging and transportation protocols Rapid assessment techniques Identify methods for Detection of pathogen/cause of unusual events Design a protocol to grab the laboratory results	=	Identify appropriate laboratory investigation		
Rapid assessment techniques Identify methods for Detection of pathogen/cause of unusual events Design a protocol to grab the laboratory results	=	regulations and the role of stakeholders (i.e. IATA, IACO, Customs,) in movement of infectious materials across national boundaries		
pathogen/cause of unusual events Design a protocol to grab the laboratory results		packaging and transportation protocols		
results	=	·		
1.4 Communication management				
	1.4 Communication ma	nagement		

Conferences	Write an a	bstract			
	Attend rel	evant conferences			
	Make an c	ral presentation			
	<u>Prepare</u> a	poster			
Appraise publication	Review ma	anuscript (peer review)			
	<u>Present</u> at	journal club			
Peer-reviewed	Write a ma	anuscript			
publication	<u>Build</u> a sci	entific argument			
	Produce a manuscrip	high level outline of the t			
	·	ections of an article following the writing structure			
	Submit to	peer reviewed journal			
	<u>Undergo</u> e	ditorial process			
	Edit a mar	nuscript after internal review			
	Complete	writing a manuscript			
Appraise publication	Review ma	anuscript (peer review)			
Media	<u>Prepare</u> a	press interview			
communication	<u>Prepare</u> a	radio interview			
2. Applied microbiology	and labor	ratory investigations	ı		
Tasks		competency	Previous experience	Score (1-5)	Other verbs/ Comments/notes
2.1 General microbiolo	gy				
Microbiology knowledg	le	<u>Describe</u> role of laboratory in surveillance, outbreak investigation, applied research			
		<u>Understand</u> the principle and practices of bioinformatics and phylogeny			
		<u>Define</u> type of analysis depending on the study design			
Obtain a peer review of the study protocol		Able to seek and take advice into account			
Establish the criteria for microbiological input and		Establish microbiological criteria and assessment			
evaluation within study	, team.	<u>Design</u> & <u>conduct</u> laboratory investigations in accordance with the documented 'risk assessments'			

Collect data	<u>Create</u> a data entry scheme		
	Record using appropriate IT support.		
Analyse the data	Identify and use appropriate suitable analytical & statistical techniques.		
2.2 Laboratory investigation			
Conduct an investigation	<u>Undertake</u> an laboratory investigation in a public health setting including:		
	Knowledge the principles of:		
	- the steps of an investigation		
	- Development of a microbiological case definition		
	- sampling strategies		
	- laboratory techniques		
	- Incident team coordination		
	- environmental procedures		
	- environmental contacts		
Engage in interaction between different disciplines	Identify needs and objectives of clinicians, laboratory, veterinary and environmental agencies, public and private sector;		
	Think critical in pre-sampling, sampling, analysis, Reporting, documentation, feedback.		
Sample taking	<u>Define</u> a sampling strategy including number of needed samples;		
	Collect, label, package and transport samples appropriately and safely.		
Samples transportation	Review and report on the international regulations and the role of stakeholders; (i.e. IATA, IACO, Customs,) in movement of infectious materials across national boundaries;		
	Outline field microbiology needs and design packaging and transportation protocols.		
2.3 Laboratory methods and ana		•	
Knowledge of phylogenetics	Identify and interpret microbiological results and		

	phylogenetic studies required to support epidemiological tracing of infection source.		
Phylogenic analysis	<u>Understand</u> the principles of multiple alignment		
	Construction and <u>interpretation</u> of a simple multiple alignment		
	Phylogenetic analyses techniques		
	<u>Create</u> and <u>query</u> a local BLAST database		
	<u>evaluation</u> of the software and troubleshooting		
Non-sequencing typing methodology	<u>Design</u> and <u>interpret</u> serological, PulseField and VNTR data, etc.		
Sequencing technologies	<u>Preparation</u> and <u>running</u> of automated sequencing systems		
	<u>Critique</u> of the software and troubleshooting		
	Data <u>production</u> and <u>interpretation</u>		
Database systems	Sequence retrieval and simple sequence entry		
	<u>Create</u> a database using BioNumeic and batch sequence import		
	Complex sequence entry: <u>Trace</u> data from automated sequencers		
	Edit sequences by using editing programs(e.g Bioedit)		
	<u>analysis</u> Sequences by using sequence databases		
Engage in interaction between different disciplines (Lab/Epi)	<u>Identify</u> needs and objectives of clinicians, laboratory, veterinary and environmental agencies		
	Critical thinking in pre-sampling, sampling, analysis, Reporting, documentation, feedback		
Sample taking	<u>Define</u> a sampling strategy including number of needed samples		

	Collect, label, package and transport samples appropriately and safely		
Laboratory methods	Identify key laboratory investigations relevant to selected symptoms and / or suspected pathogens		
	<u>Identify</u> situations where genetic typing methods should be used		
	Estimate sensitivity, specificity, positive and negative predictive value		
Samples transportation	Review and report on the international regulations and the role of stakeholders (i.e. IATA, IACO, Customs,) in movement of infectious materials across national boundaries		
	Outline field microbiology needs and design packaging and transportation protocols		

3. Surveillance and outbreak investigations

3.1 Surveillance

Tasks	competency	Previous experience	Score (1-5)	Other verbs/ Comments/notes
Plan method	State objectives of surveillance and action / intervention resulting from a surveillance List indicators chosen Identify data needed			
Describe process	Describe type of surveillance Describe data sources Draw a flow chart Evaluate system attributes			
Analyse surveillance data	Perform a capture-recapture study Measure sensitivity of reporting			
Operate microbiological support on surveillance system	Actively <u>participate</u> in the operation of a surveillance system <u>Perform</u> routine analysis of surveillance data			

	Write regular surveillance reports		
	for stakeholders / those who		
	need to know		
	Implement improvements to the system		
	Assess feedback procedures		
Output	Analyze use of information		
	Write a report		
Prevalence	Choose free word		
Incidence			
proportion			
Incidence density			
Secular trends			
Cohort study design	Choose free word		
Case control study design			
Cross-sectional design			
Ecological studies			
Case-cohort design			
Other designs			
Sampling methods	Choose free word		
Sample size/power calculation			
Questionnaire design			
Bivariate analysis	Choose free word		
Stratified analysis			
Survival analysis			
Non-parametric methods of analysis			
Multivariate analysis			
Significance testing	Choose free word		
Bias			
Confounding			
effect modification			
Standardization			
Measures of effect			
Measures of impact			
Causality	Choose free word		
Computers	Choose free word		

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Statistical analysis package (SAS, STATA, SPSS)				
EPIINFO				
EPIDATA				
Word processing				
Graphic package				
GIS software				
Other multivariable analysis package				
Email, WEB				
3.2 Outbreak investigation				
Respond to initial call	<u>Evaluate</u> and <u>record</u> relevant outbreak data set			
	Review and understand on-call protocols			
	Establish response requirements			
Prepare for investigation	Plan the investigation			
	Identify investigation team requirements			
	General knowledge of investigation design			
4. Quality Management				
Tasks	competency	Previous experience	Score (1-5)	Other verbs/ Comments/notes
Review international quality guidelines/standards	<u>Understand</u> the principles and practices of quality assurance			
	according to those outlined by international & EU Directives			
	_			
External quality assurance (EQA)	international & EU Directives Describe efficacy of quality			
	international & EU Directives Describe efficacy of quality assurance. Assess and experience different			
(EQA)	international & EU Directives Describe efficacy of quality assurance. Assess and experience different standards Understand and apply the			
	international & EU Directives Describe efficacy of quality assurance. Assess and experience different standards Understand and apply the concepts of EQA Collect set of isolates/samples for			

Collecting Data	Design template for collecting data			
	Integrate collected data			
	Interpret integrated data			
	<u>Crate tables and figures</u>			
	Draft the EQA report			
Preparing report	Make conclusion and recommendation			
	collect data on the origin			
	and type of specimen and the dates and times when			
	(i) the sample was taken (ii) the specimen was received in the laboratory (iii) the report was signed by			
	the microbiologist;			
Accreditation Audit	(iv) the report was			
	sorted by the laboratory clerical staff			
	(v) The final report was received on the ward			
	Estimate the cumulative time from			
	sampling to a result arriving on the ward			
	Familiar with accreditation procedure			
Accreditation Procedure	Involved in accrediting procedure			
	Responsible for accreditation			
5. Biorisk Management				
Tasks	competency	Previous experience	Score (1-5)	Other verbs/ Comments/notes
	Understand and apply the			
Review international biosafety	principles and practices of			
guidelines	biosafety according to those outlined by WHO & EU Directives			
	<u>Describe</u> variation and efficacy of PPE strategies.			
Personal Protective equipment	Assess and experience different PPE systems			

	Understand and apply the concepts of 'Operational protection Factors'			
Decontamination & waste control strategies.	Understand the principles and practices associated with decontamination processes associated with infection control, equipment decontamination etc. Plan and produce decontamination and waste disposal protocols.			
Biosecurity	Understand the principles and practices of biosecurity according to those outlined by WHO & EU & national Directives			
6. Applied PHM Research				
Tasks	Skills/competency	Previous experience	Score (1-5)	Other verbs/ Comments/notes
Study design	<u>Design</u> a research study			
	Identify critical questions			
Study protocol/ relevant	<u>Design</u> protocols			
questions	Exercise realistic timelines			
	<u>Identify</u> limitations			
	<u>Judge</u> possible risks and delays			
Method identification	Identify relevant methods by literature review/discussion with supervisor-colleagues			
	Get Familiar with laboratory methods			
	Isolation (culture)			
	(Agar plate/colonies, Liquid			
	media)			
Knowledge of relevant methods	Identification after culture			
	Perform, Implement, Execute			
	biochemical (physiological) tests Genetic tests (genomics) PCR Sequencing			
	 Restriction digestion 			

	– DNA-DNA homology
	- DNA-DNA homology (probes)
	Immunological test
	Antigen detectionELISA
	- Hybridization assay
	Fatty acid profiling
	Protein profiling (proteomics)
	Advance molecular methods
	– Microarray
	– RT-PCR
	- MOLDI
	Specific diagnostics
	Gram stainingCell culturing
	- Antibiotic susceptibility
	Fingerprint-based methods:
	- RFLP - PFGE,
	– PFGE, – AFLP
	<u>Character-based methods</u>
	- MLVA Multiple Loci
	VNTR(Variable Number of Tandem Repeats)
	Analysis(),
	ribotyping,microarray's
	Sequence-based methods:
	MLSTSNP analysis
	Bioinformatics-whole genome
	sequencing analysis etc
	Implement new methods in a
Implementation of new methods	study
	Identify usefulness of the
	methods in particular research study
	Able to solve technical and
Trouble shooting	practical problems
	Scientific <u>design</u> of the draft
Drafting results	Make tables and figures

	Interpret results			
	Present results in a scientific way			
	<u>Discuss</u> the results			
	<u>Draw</u> conclusions			
	Make recommendations			
7. Teaching				
Tasks	Skills/competency	Previous experience	Score (1-5)	Other verbs/ Comments/notes
Identify training needs	<u>Carry out</u> needs assessment and identify specific initiatives			
	Communicate and training for a range of healthcare professionals			
	<u>Define</u> learning objectives			
Give lectures	Assess own performance through feedback assessments			
	Re-evaluate delivery and content			
	Moderate a case study			
	Guide participants to the answer			
Moderate case studies	Explain epidemiological/microbiological/cli nical concepts surrounding the disease or outbreak			
	Plan training activities as:			
	<u>Define</u> course objectives			
	Outline learning outcomes Describe core competences			
	Develop curriculum			
Plan and organise a course	Identify teaching and assessment methodologies			
	Adopt training tools			
	<u>Develop</u> a reflective learning strategy			
	<u>Create</u> an assessment survey			
Pedagogical teaching	Give lectures (with discussion, etc.)			

	Dorform interactive teaching and		
	Perform interactive teaching and		
	learning methods as:		
	Problem Based Learning (PBL), Case Studies, Panel of Experts, Cooperative Learning, Project Based Learning, Brainstorming, etc.		
	Manage adults groups		
	Design case study		
	Prepare presentations		
	<u>Deliver</u> seminar to		
Give and direct a seminar	multidisciplinary audience		
	Record reflective learning		

List of actions verbs

	А	В	С	D	Е	F
1	count	associate	Add	analyse	categorize	generate
2	define	Compute	Apply	Arrange	Combine	plan
3	Describe	convert	Calculate	Breakdown	Compile	produce
4	Draw	Defend	Change	Combine	Compose	assemble
5	Identify	Discuss	Classify	Design	Create	construct
6	Labels	Distinguish	Complete	Detect	Derive	create
7	List	estimate	Compute	Develop	Design	design
8	Match	explain	Demonstrate	Diagram	Devise	develop
9	Name	Extend	Discover	Differentiate	Explain	formulate
10	Outlines	Extrapolate	Divide	discriminate	Generate	change
11	point	Generalize	Examine	Illustrate	Group	Combine
12	quote	Give	Graph	Infer	Integrate	Hypothesize
13	read	Infer	Interpolate	Outline	Modify	Predict
14	Recall	Paraphrase	Interpret	point out	Order	Invent
15	Recite	Predict	Manipulate	relate	Organize	improve
16	recognize	rewrite	Modify	Select	Plan	
17	Record	summarize		Separate	Prescribe	
18	Repeat	Examples		Subdivide	Propose	
19	Reproduces			utilize	Rearrange	

20	Selects		Reconstruct
21	State		Relate
22	Write		Reorganize
23	duplicate		Revise
24			Rewrite
25			Summarize
26			Transform
27			specify
28			Appraise
29			Assess
30			Compare
31			Conclude
32			Contrast
33			Criticize
34			Critique
35			Determine
36			Grade
37			interpret
38			Judge
39			Justify
40			Measure
41			Rank
42			rate
43			support
44			test